

Information Sheet

Variety N14

Introduction

Recommended for planting in moderate to high potential soils and generally in good growing conditions.

Best features

Reliable variety that produces good yields in good growing conditions with good irrigation management. N14 is resistant to lodging, Initial observations are that thrips will cause mild damage in this variety.

Limiting features.

Low sucrose content. Not suited to shallow, weak or poorly drained soils. Recovery after water stress is poor. Susceptible to eldana, do not carry over. Flowers profusely and harvesting after mid-October must be avoided. Low N use efficiency indicating higher rate of N fertiliser is generally required. Highly susceptible to RSD. Does not respond well to ripener treatment.

Yield & quality.

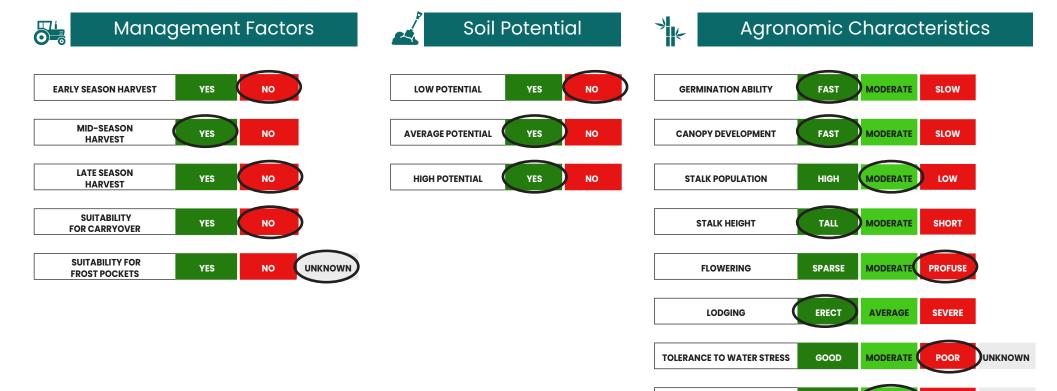


The performance of a variety will vary under different conditions and levels of management. For refined yield and quality information, please consult the SASRI Variety Guide at www.sasri.org.za/varietyguide, where you will be able to rank this variety against others of your choice based on your specific area, irrigation regime, cutting cycle, soil potential and time of harvest.



Page 1

Varietal Traits N14



TOLERANCE TO WATER LOGGING

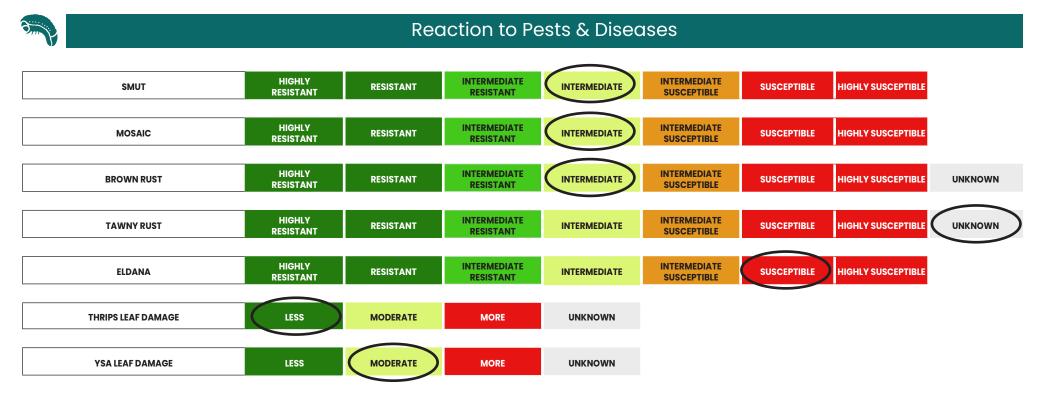
GOOD

MODERATE

UNKNOWN

Response to Ripeners HIGHLY RECOMMENDED NOT RECOMMENDED RECOMMENDED UNKNOWN ETHEPHON (and generics) NOT RECOMMENDED RECOMMENDED FUSILADE (and generics) UNKNOWN COMBO ETHEPHON + FUSILADE HIGHLY RECOMMENDED RECOMMENDED UNKNOWN (and generics)









N14 Identification Guide

Habit and General Appearance

Characteristically a prostrate habit of growth after germination. Canopies quickly, and eventually becomes erect with straight stalks.

Leaf

Blade: A slight chlorotic blotch may be present, but it is less prominent than that

of NCo376. The midrib often shows a reddish colouration, a reaction to sap

sucking insects.

Sheath: Has a slight purplish colour which is overlaid with much wax coating. The

inside may show a purple colouration, but is often white. The abaxial surface is profusely hairy, but the hairs are relatively soft and not spiny. The trash breaks away from the stalk easily and leaves a neat, clean sheath scar.

Collar: Narrow to medium width; indistinct greenish-brown in colour.

Auricle: Small and rounded; usually occurs on one side of the stalk but may be

totally absent.

Stalk

Internode

Appearance: Cylindrical and circular in cross-section. Greenish-yellow in colour.

When exposed to sunlight develops only slight sunburning compared

with NCo376.

Wax band: Medium width, distinct and constricted.

Bud furrow: May develop when the cane is growing under conditions

of stress, but is generally absent.

Node

Growth ring: Yellowish-brown; often raised.

Root band: Typically narrow, with only two rows of dark-centred

root primordia.

Sheath scar: Does not sag nor protrude; clean, without tearing.

Bud: Arises at the sheath scar; medium sized; oval in shape,

with the narrow end towards the sheath scar. Usually a small indentation at the apex, which in young buds may

be fringed with hairs.

Flange: Medium in width, arising above the middle of the bud.



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