### SOUTH AFRICAN SUGAR INDUSTRY

## AGRONOMISTS' ASSOCIATION

Code:

FOL/2/82/Sw SIS

Cat. No.:

1391

TITLE: Foliar applied nutrients

Particulars of project 1.

This crop

: 8th ratoon

Site

: SIS - Vuvulane

Field P6-Block 2

Region

: Northern irrigated

(Swaziland)

Soil set/series: R/Rheebok

Design

: Randomised blocks

10 replications

Variety

: NCo 376

Fertilizer

: See treatments

Soil Analysis: Date 25/8/1982

рН Clay%

6.04 > 30

ppm

Ca Μq 12 208 1227 >220

Spray Method:

CP-3 Knapsack with red

Polijet nozzle

Volume: Average 280 l water/ha

Age of cane at spraying: 2,3

2,8

3,5 3,9 and 4,6 months

Age at harvest: 12 months

Dates: 9/7/1982 - 7/7/1983

Irrigation: 600 mm, 12 cycles with 50 mm

per cycle of 12 hours

Rainfall: 544 mm

Total

1144 mm

#### 2. Motivation and objectives

- Over the last three years five month old cane in this field has 2.1 repeatedly produced low third leaf K% d.m. (1980- 0,98%, 1981-0,97%, 1982-1,02%). It was decided to try and boost these levels by using some soluble potassium containing fertilizers.
- 2.2 Because of the negative results gained from a similar trial using the same products, rates were increased to exceed those recommended and five applications were made.

# 3. Treatments

	N(kg/ha)	P(kg/ha)	K(kg/ha)
Granular fertilizer-standard	100,0	-	150,0
Granular fertilizer- but no potassium	100,0	-	- '
Granular fertilizer-standard +Potaspray (5 sprays at 10% solution)	108,1	24,7	191,3
Granular fertilizer-standard +KNO <sub>3</sub> (5 sprays at 10% solution)	118,1	<del>-</del>	202,9

## Notes on Treatments

- Granular nitrogen as ammonium nitrate (34,5% N)
- Granular potassium as nitrate of potash (50% K)
- Granular forms of fertilizer were applied by hand over the cane row as a single application at one month of age.
- Foliar applied fertilizers were applied onto the foliage at 2,3 2,8 3,5 3,9 and 4,6 months of age.
- Reveseal 9 was used as the wetting agent at 2,8  $\ell$ /ha

# 4. Results

Table I : Yield

Treatment	tc/ha	Suc % cane	ts/ha		
Standard	75	14,9	11,1		
Standard No K	76	15,0	11,4		
Standard + Potaspray	79	14,8	11,6		
Standard + KNO <sub>3</sub>	75	14,8	11,1		
CV %	8,6	4,0	8,6		
LSD (P= 0,05)	6,0	0,5	0,9		

Table II: Crop growth measurements (cm to tvd) at 7,6 8,8 9,6 and 11,8 months of age and populations ('1000/ha) at 9,6 and 11,8 months of age.

Crop Age (m)	St	alk he	ights (	cm)	Populations ('1000/ha)			
Treatments	7,6	8,8	9,6	11,8	9,6 11,8			
Standard	120	160	174	188	139 112			
Standard No K	122	161	173	191	145 114			
Standard + Potaspray	130	166	180	194	149 115			
Standard + KNO <sub>3</sub>	122	160	175	190	144 - 111			

Third leaf analyses. (% d.m)

	Age in months													
Treatments	Sept 0ct 2,8 3,5					Дес 6,1		Jan 6,8		Feb 7,4		Mar 8,4		
	N	K	N	K	N	К	N	K	N	, K	N	K	N	K
Standard .	2,33	1,04	2,22	1,05	2,14	1,16	1,71	1,26	1,46	1,29	1,53	1,21	1,49	1,26
Standard No K	2,39	1,05	2,31	1,03	2,13	1,16	1,73	1,25	1,45	1,26	1,50	1,26	1,51	1,27
Standard + Potaspray	2,46	1,05	2,32	1,06	2,30	1,27	1,78	1,32	1,51	1,31	1,53	1,31	1,55	1,29
Standard + KNO <sub>3</sub>	2,46	1,11	2,39	1,06	2,24	1,29	1,77	1,27	1,50	1,31	1,58	1,28	1,54	1,2
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# 5. Comments

## 5.1 Populations:

Stalk counts taken at 9,6 and 11,8 months of age showed that the plots that received the standard treatment and Potaspray had a slightly higher population but the difference was small.

## 5.2 Stalk heights:

Height measurements done at 7,6 8,3 9,6 and 11,3 months of age indicated that the cane that received Potaspray had slightly longer stalks.

#### 5.3 Third leaf N levels:

Cane that received the two foliar applied products as well as the standard treatment were generally slightly higher in third leaf N levels than cane that was not sprayed. All third leaf N values were low from December onwards (from  $\pm$  6 months of age).

#### 5.4 Third leaf K levels:

It is generally the case in the lowveld that third leaf K values are low during September and October. Leaves from cane that received KNO3 in addition to the granular fertilizer did not drop to the threshold level or below as did the K levels in leaves from the other treatments in September. The Potaspray treatment also raised third leaf K values at samplings from November onwards.

Cane that received no additional potassium had third leaf K levels that were comparable with that which received 150 kg k/ha. This indicates that the 208 ppm K in the soil was adequate and that the low third leaf K % d.m. values recorded at this site in the past was possibly influenced by season.

#### 5.5 Cane yield:

The yield level was disappointing due to the lack of water in the area. There were no significant differences between the treatments.

#### 5.6 Cane quality:

As in a previous foliar nutrient trial the foliar spray of  $KNO_3$  and Potaspray slightly depressed sucrose % cane (n.s.).

#### 5.7 Sucrose yield:

Differences between treatments were small and n.s.

5.8 This trial has been terminated.

NBL/IS 9 November 1983