# SOUTH AFRICAN SUGAR INDUSTRY AGRONOMISTS' ASSOCIATION

Code: HW256/83/P

Cat No: 1455

Title: Plant cane phytotoxicity trial

1. Particulars of the project

This crop

: Plant cane

Site

: Pongola Fld Stn

Region

: Northern area

Soil system

: Komatipoort

Soil form/series : Hutton/Shorrocks

Design

: Random Blocks

Variety

: NCo 376

Fertilizer

Р K

in furrow(kg/ha

46 53

Topdressing(kg/ha): 138

Total (kg/ha)

184 53 Soil analysis:

Date: 21.9.83

Нđ

Clay %

6,15

30

ppm Mg K Ca 216 876 220

24

Р

Age: 12,2 months Dates: 6.9.83-12.9.84

Rainfall: 1 245 mm

L.T.M. 620 mm

Irrigation: 610 mm

Total

1 855 mm

## Objectives

To test herbicides for their phytotoxic effects on plant cane at Pongola

#### 3. Treatments

	Chemicals (% ai)	Timing	Rate kg or l (prod/ha)
1.	Control (unsprayed)		<u>-</u>
	Lasso (38) + atrazine (50)	Pre	6 + 3
3.	Lasso + diuron (80)	Pre	6 + 2,6
4.	Lasso + diuron + S	Post	6 + 2,6
5.	Bladex Plus (50) + paraquat (20)	Post	9 + 0,25
6.	Lasso + ametryne (50) + paraquat	Post	6 + 3 + 1,5
	Lasso + ametryn + Actril DS (70)	Post	6 + 3 + 1,25
8.	Dual (72) + Gardomil (50) + paraquat	Post	1,75 + 6 + 1,5

Note on treatments: The Lasso used was contaminated with an unknown quantity of paraquat.

## 4. Experimental

Conditions and application details

Date	7.9.83	17. 10. 83
Applicator	CP <sub>3</sub>	CP <sub>3</sub>
Nozzle	APM Green floodjet	APM Green floodjet
Pressure	1,5 Bars	1,5 Bars
Output	262	267 l/ha
Method	Over planted row	Over cane row
Cane growth	Pre-emergence	$\pm$ 35 cm leaf ht.

Weather: General: Clear and mild to warm. Clear and mild to warm

Wind	•	Slight breeze
Soil condition	: Damp	
Sunshine hours	: 9,1	10,4
Amount of first rain	: 0,3	10,3
Days to first rain	: 7	1
Rainfall (mm) on the day of spr	ray: 0 ′	0
Rel. humidity % 8 am : 75 2 pm : 38		65 37
Temperature % 8 am : 21,2 2 pm : 30,2		30,6

: 6.00-7.00 am 4.45-6.45 pm Time

### 5. Result

## 1. Foliar effects

Severe foliar scorch was caused by all post-emergence treatments, the most severe being Lasso (+ paraquat) + ametryn + paraquat. All visual scorch effects grew out in time.

2. Crop measurements taken at approximately 3, 4 and 5 months of age

	Treatments	Rate kg or l	Stalk length (m)			Stalk popln. (100/ha)		
		prodyna	3	4	5_	3	4	5
2. La 3. La 4. La 5. B1 6. La 7. La	ontrol (unsprayed) asso(+ paraquat)+ atrazine asso(+ paraquat)+ diuron asso(+ paraquat)+ diuron+S ladex Plus + paraquat asso(+ paraquat)+ ametryn + paraquat asso(+ paraquat)+ ametryn + Actril DS ual + Gardomil + paraquat	- 6 + 3 6 + 2,6 6 + 2,6 9 + 0,25 6 + 3 + 1,5 6 + 3 + 1,25 1,75+6+1,5	0,54 0,55 0,55 0,45 0,47 0,47 0,41	1,15 1,12 1,10 0,96 1,04 0,99 1,03 1,03	1,69 1,65 1,64 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,59	276 267 265 252 252 252 248 269	162 163 156 163 161 165 160 163	145 150 144 150 150 156 150

#### Comments

- 1. All post-emergence treatments showed severe and persistent stalk height reduction and these were fairly consistent despite large differences in the amounts of paraquat in some treatments (eg T5 0,25  $\ell$ /ha; T6 1,5  $\ell$ /ha)
- 2. No effects were obvious on stalk populations.

Yield and crop characteristics at harvest

	Timing	Rate kg or l prod /ha	Yield			Stalk	Stalk
Treatments				Sucrose % cane	Sucrose t/ha	length (m)	popln. (1000/ha)
1. Control (unsprayed) 2. Lasso(+ par)+atrazine 3. Lasso(+par)+diuron 4. Lasso)+par)+diuron+S 5. Bladex Plus+paraquat 6. Lasso(+ par)+ametryn+paraquat 7. Lasso(+par)+ametryn+Actril DS 8. Dual+Gardomil+paraquat	Pre Pre Post Post Post Post	- 6+3 6+2,6 6+2,6 9+0,25 6+3+1,5 6+3+1,25 1,75+6+1,5	151 157 150 145 149 144 143 149	13,20 13,19 13,17 13,11 12,95 12,93 12,92 12,94	19,9 20,8 19,8 19,1 19,3 18,6* 18,5*	2,60 2,62 2,46 2,44 2,51 2,56 2,49 2,56	155 162 151 161 158 171 150 163
CV% SE LSD (0,05)			5,5 3,35 9,6	3,0 0,162 0,464	5,1 0,40 1,161		

#### Comments

### Crop measurements

Stalk lengths at harvest were reduced by all post-emergence treatments while stalk populations were increased slightly in most cases.

#### Yield (cane t/ha)

Although no differences reached a level of statistical significance there was a trend towards lower cane yields from post-emergence treated plots. Crop measurements early in the crop growth period support the contention that these affects are real.

#### (sucrose t/ha)

Statistically significant reductions in sucrose yield were produced by Lasso (+par) + ametryn + paraquat and Lasso (+ par) + ametryn + Actril DS.

## Conclusions

Some effect which may be small, is likely to occur to plant cane yields after applications of chemicals which cause scorch effects on the cane foliage of plant crops at Pongola..

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